WASHINGTON: SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 14, 1851. Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c.

CHARLES S. LITTLE, IMPORTER and general dealer in English, German, and American Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c., 33 and 34 Fulton street, opposite the United States Hotel, New York, respectfully invites the attention of Merchants, making their purchases, to his very extensive assortment, comprising every thing in the line, and to which new and constant supplies are being added. His variety of Tools is adapted to all the various branches of mechanics, especially Coopers and Carpenters. Particular attention given to all orders, all of which are offered at the lowest market prices for cash or on approved credit:

Cut and Wrought Nails, Locks and Latchets

redit:
Cut and Wrought Nails, Locks and Latchets
Kuives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Kuives
Razors, Scissors and Shears, in great variety
Skutes, Slates, Sleigh Bells, loose and strapped
Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Forks, Scythes and Shathes
Rifles, Black Lead Pots, and Sand Crucibles
Pumps, for wells or cisterns; Force Pumps and HydrauRams
Ames Pump. Assessment Strains

c Rams
Ames' Pump, Augers and Runivers
Turkey Oil Stone, dressed and undressed
Scotch Water of Ayr Stone, for marble polishers
Coopers' Tools, in great variety, of the most celebrated
annufacturers, Albertson, Conger, Horton, Barton, and

Cosenmakers' Tools
House and Ship Carpenters' Tools
Blacksmiths' Tools, Cabinet makers' Trimmings
House and Ship builders' Hardware
House furnishing Hardware, in great variety
Iron, Brass, Copper, and Steel wire
Gentine Haarlem Oil, and Nuremberg Salve.

IRISH EMIGRANT SOCIETY.

Office, No. 1 Reade Street, New York.

In consequence of the great number of complaints which have for a long time been made by Emigrants, of frauds committed upon them in the sending of money to their friends in Ireland, and to aid and protect the Emigrant the Irish Emigrant Society established a fund, deposited in the Bank of Ireland, upon which they draw drafts, payable at sight, at any of the branches of the Bank. Persons residing out of the city, by enclosing in a letter the sum they wish forwarded, with the plainly written direction to whom and where it is to be paid, will have the same remitted.

direction to whom and where it is to be paid, will have the same remitted.

There is a great advantage in purchasing the Society's drafts—that the Bank has a branch in each of the principal towns in Ireland, and thus the losses by discount, and otherwise, are avoided.

The Society keeps an office at No. 22 Spruce street, to which Emigrants can apply to obtain situations for which they are fitted.

Orders from employers in the country, stating the services required, the wages, and the cheapest modes of conveyance, and giving a respectable reference, will meet with prompt attention.

The Society will be thankful for all circumstantial and early information of any fraud, imposition, or outrage committed on Emigrants, and will endeavor speedily to apply a remedy.

GREGORY DILLON, President.

JAMES MATHEWS, Vice Presidents.

JAMES MATHEWS, Vice Presidents.

JAMES MATHEWS, LELY, JAMES REYBURN,

EDWARD C. DONNELY, Corresponding Secretary.

KIERNAN B. DALY, Recording Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. H. HAVENS, W. MYER, & CO.,

J. H. HAVENS, W. MYER, & Co.,
Inventors and Manufacturers of the Ethiopian and Fireproof Paint, Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio.

W. MYERS, No. 319 Main street, near 8th, Cincinnath, Ohio, to whom all orders must be addressed.
The superiority of this paint over all other, for carriage,
house, and ship painting, will be seen in its rapid sale.
It is not over four months since this paint has been introduced into market, and our agent has been able to order
one hundred tons. The paint is ground in oil, and put
up ready for use, from the finest black down to any shade
to suit the fancy.
Also, inventors and manufacturers of Tinners' Blacking. This article is so universally, approbated by all who
have used it, that it scarcely needs commendation. But
to give confidence to those who may not have tried it, we
would say that Z. C. Ryon, foreman to A. M. Taylor & Co.,
Columbia street, Cincinnail, has authorized us to use his
name as a recommendation to tanners in general. To all
who know Mr. Z. C. Ryon this would be sufficient; but all

Columbia street, Cincinnafi, has authorized us to use his unne as a recommendation to tanners in general. To all who know Mr. Z. C. Kyon this would be sufficient; but all tanners in the city and country, who have used it, have granted us this privilege. If it were necessary we could fill a newspaper with testimonials; but where all who use are pleased we deem it uncalled for.

The Tanners' Blacking is put up in kegs containing six gallons, ready for use, and will be sent to any point on the canal, railroad, or river, at fifty cents per gallen.

All orders should be addressed, post paid, to

HAVENS & CARROL,

Wilmington, Clinton co., Ohio; or

HAVENS & CARROL,
Wilmington. Clinton co., Ohio; or
J. H. HAVENS, Cincinnati.
Also, inventors and manufacturers of a Water-proBlacking for Oil-cloth, that will reduce the cost fifty p
cent., and will soon be in market.

FREEMAN HODGES & CO.

York, (between Broadway and Nassau,) are now receiving a rich and beautiful assortment of Fancy Silk am Millinery Goods, to which we would particularly invite thatention of all Cash Purchasers, and will make it an object for them to give us a call, as we are determined to selour assortiment, for Cash, lower than over perfore offered in this work.

his market.

Milliners can supply themselves with every article

w prices.
Rich Hat and Cap Ribbons, a large variety

neir line, at about the cost of Importation or Auction rices. Many of our goods are manufactured expressly or our own sale, and cannot be surpassed for beauty of

Silks and Satins for Bonnets Embroidered Capes, Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts Embroidered Edgings and Insertings, Swiss and Musi Thread, Brussels Valenciene, Silk, and Lisle Thre

Embroidered Reverie and Plain Linen Cambric Ilkfs. Gloves and Mits, Kid, Silk, Lisle Thread, and Sewin

Silk
Scarfs, Cravats, and Dress Hkfs.
Swiss, Jaconet, Book Muslins, and Bishop Lawns
Embroidered, Damask, and Plain Canton Crape Shawls
A full assortment of Straw Goods
French and American Artificial Flowers
With a large variety not mentioned above.
All wishing to avoid paying long prices will make me
ney by calling and satisfying themselves. [mar 24—tf

SEED AND AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, TOOLS

&c., &c.,—Wholesale and Retail.—No. 1943. Market Street, Philodelphia.—We offer to our triends and customers the largest assortment of Agricultural Implements Garden Tools, and Seeds ever offered in this market, con

French and German Looking-Glass Depot,

No. 75 Baltimore Street.

BARRATT & DEBEET, Carvers and Gilders, manufi

DARRATT & DEBLET, Carvers and Gilders, manufactor turers of every variety of Plain and Ornamental Looking-Glass and Picture Frames, Window Cornices, Bracket Fables, Ceiling Mouldings, &c., &c. Also constantly on hand, a full assortment of Gilt and Mahogany Framed Looking Glasses. Old work regilt-glasses inserted in old Frames, &c. Prices low and work unsurpassed in beauty of finish and durability by any other establishment. The public is respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

SCHNLEWIND & CO.,

MPORTERS, No. 88 Market street, Philadelphia: No. 102 Broadway, New York, are now receiving and offer for sale, at Market prices, an excellent assortment of the

MPORTERS-AND JOBBERS, 58 LIBERTY STREET, New

Felix Ingoldsby, William Watson, John Manning, Terence Donnelly,

James Olwell, Charles M. Nanry,

William Redmond, Francis Mann, James Stuart, Stuart J. Mollan, Cornelius II. Sheehan, John Nicholson. mar 24—

Coachmakers' Tools

PRICE 2 CENTS.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,
(EXCEPT SUNDAY,)

Do 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall,
BY CONNOLLY. WIMER & McGILL,

WENT PICTURIAL WORKS,
A MERICAN GIFT BOOKS FOR 1851.—Agents are
works, (retail price, \$2 50 per vol.) A new and complete On 7th st., opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall, BY CONNOLLY, WIMER & McGILL,

At Ten Cents a Week, or TWO CENTS A SINGLE COPY.

To subscribers served by the carriers, the paper will be furnished regularly for ten cents per week, payable weekly. **37 To mail subscribers, \$5 a year; \$2 50 for six months; \$1 25 for three months; 50 cents a month. No paper mailed unless paid for in advance, and discon-

CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

tisements in exact proportion. ADVERTISERS will please endeavor to send in their favors

To Hotel Proprietors and others. THE DAILY REGISTER,

MORAN & SICKELS, PHILADELPHIA, Is circulated extensively among the Merchants of that Leity, and travellers find it in all the Hotels, Stennboats, and Railroad eduveyances diverging from Philadelphia. It contains a correct list of the names of those persons arriving at the principal hotels daily, and consequently is the best means the Proprietors of Hotels in other cities can have for extending their business among the travelling public. the travelling public.

Messrs. Connolly, Wimer & McGill, Publishers o

American Telegraph, are the authorized agents for chington city. mar 24—tf

The New York and Liverpool United States Mail Steamers.

The ships comprising this line are the— ATLANTIC, Capt. West. PACIFIC, Capt. Nye. ARCTIC, Capt. Luce. ADRIATIC, Capt. Grafton.

ARCHU, Capt. Luce.
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These ships, having been built by contract, expressly for Government service, every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passage from the vork to Liverpool, \$130; exclusive use of extra size state rooms, \$325; from Liverpool to New York, £35.

An experienced Surgeon will be attached to each ship. No berth can be secured until paid for.

P The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, builton, specie, jewelry, precious stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

For freight and passage apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS, 56 Wall st., N. Y., or to BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.

E. G. ROBERTS & CO., 14, King's Arm Yard, London.

L. DRAPER, Jr., 8 Boulevard, Montmartre, Paris.

mar 24—d
PHULADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF
PACKETS—Sailing from Philadelphia on the 5th,
and from Liverpool on the lat of every month.
Ship SHENANDOAH, Capt. Wm. H. West; Ship EUROPE, Captain William McDowell; Ship MARY PLEASANTS, Capt. Anthony Michaels.
The above first-class ships are built of the best materials, and commanded by experienced navigators.
Due regard has been paid to select models for speed,
with comfort for passengers.
Persons wishing to engage passage for their friends can
obtain certificates which will be good for eight months.
Those who wish to remit money can be accommodated
with drafts for £1 sterling and upwards, at sight, without
discount.

discount.

Goods for the continent will be forwarded free of expense of commission, if addressed to James McHenry, No. 5, Temple Place, Liverpool.

GEORGE McHENRY & CO., mar 24—d No. 37, Walnut street, Philadelphia.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

A T a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Parkeville Hydropathic Institute, held fifth month 15th, 1850, Joseph A. Weder, M. D., was unanimously elected Resident Physician in the place of Dr. Dexter, resigned. Having made various improvements, this institute is now prepared to receive an additional number of patients; and from Dr. Weder's well-known skill and practical experience in Europe, (acquired under Vinceux Preissuitz, the founder of the Hydropathic system.) and for several years past in this country, and particularly in the city of Philadelphia, (where he has had many patients.) the Managers believe the afflicted will find him an able and an attentive physician.

The domestic department being under the charge of a attentive physician.

The domestic department being under the charge of a Steward and Matron, will enable the Doctor to devote to the patients whatever time may be necessary.

Application for admission to be made to SAMUEL WEBB, Secretary.

Office No. 58 South Fourth street, residence No. 16 Logan square, Philadelphia.

General Description of the Purkeville Hydropathic Institute.

The main building is three stories high, standing back rom the street about one hundred feet, with a semicircu walks and planted with trees, shrubs, &c. On the left of the entrance to these grounds is a cottage containing four rooms, used by male patients as a bathing house, with rooms, used by male patients as a very convenience for "packing," bathing, &c.; on the right of the entrance, about two hundred feet distant, stands a similar cottage, used by the ladies for similar

In the rear of the Institute, at the distance of one hun In the rear of the institute, at the abstance of one mandred feet, are three other cottages, some eighty feet apart. One of these is the laundry, with a hydrant at the door; the other two are occupied by the servants.

The hydrant water is introduced into these cottages as well as into the main building, and all the waste water carried off by drains under ground.

Consist of a circular stone building, standing on the brow of a hill, surmounted by a large cedar reservoir containing five hundred barrels, brought from a never-failing spring of pure cold water in the side of the hill, by "a hydraulic ram," a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept conun," a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept con-antly going, night and day, by the descent of the water om the spring. The surplus water is carried from the servoir to a fountain in the water-works yard, surround reservoir to a contain in the watervary yar, an owner early weeping willows. In the first story of the water works is a circular room, containing the douche bath which is a stream falling from a height of about thirty feet, and can be varied in size from half an inch to ar inch and a half in diameter. Adjoining the douche room is a dressing room, with marble tables, &c.; the rising douche (for the cure of piles, &c.) is one of the most complete contrivances of the kind, being entirely under the

control of the patient using the same.

There are many other appliances, which can be better understood by a personal examination, mar 24—

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS. FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

MOULTON & CO., Successors to JNO. FALCONER & CO.
64 Cedar and 22 Pine streets, New York, invite men 11. 64 Cedar and 22 Pine streets, New York, invite me chants visiting New York city to their immense stock of Foreign and Domestic, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Their stock is entirely new, and, in addition, still receive by every steamer new and elegant styles, confined excivity to this house, consisting of every variety of Dre Goods to be found in the French, German, English, and Apparatus and Company of the Company of t American markets, and at prices that will defy competitor Cash buyers and merchants generally will do well t call and examine our stock, as our goods are adapted every section of the country, and we are resolved to span no efforts to make it the interest of every merchant favor us with their patronage.

New York, March, 1851.

VARNISHES, GUM COPALS, SPIRITS, TURPEN TINE, AND AMERICAN LINSEED OIL.

V TINE, AND AMERICAN LINSEED OIL.

50 cases Gum Copal, med, and fine Zanzibar, &c.

400 bbls superior Coach Body, Carrisge Oil Cloth Polishing, Flowing, Scraping, Cabinet and Venitian Blind Varnishes, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

10 bbls. Sign and Graining Varnish.

5 do white flowing do do warranted.

5 do White do do for maps or whips.

10 do Iron Varnish.

20 do Painters' Japan.

100 do Spirits Turpentine, in glued bbls or half bbls.

10,000 ibs pure White Lead, in oil, at manufacturers' prices.

To Persons out of Employment. NEW PICTORIAL WORKS.

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF CHINA AND INDIA; with a descriptive account of those countries and their inhabitants, from the earliest period of authentic history to the present time. In which the editor has treated not only of the historical events, but also of the manners, customs, religion, literature, and domestic habits of the people of those immense empires.

The embellishments are about two hundred, and of the first order, illustrating whatever is peculiar to the inhabitants, regarding their dress, domestic occupations, their mode of agriculture, commercial pursuits, arts, &c. They are accurate, and each one has been made expressly for the work.

The volume forms a large octavo, containing between five and six hundred pages, printed in the best style, and on good substantial white paper. It is furnished to agents, handsomely bound in muslin, gilt, or leather, as the purchaser may prefer, at a very liberal discount, when quantities of not less than twenty copies are ordered at one time. PICTORIAL HISTORY OF CHINA AND INDIA;

THRILLING INCIDENTS OF THE WARS OF THE UNITED STATES;

THRILLING INCIDENTS OF THE WARS OF THE UNITED STATES;

comprising the most striking and remarkable events of the Revolution, the French war, the Tripolitan war, the Indian war, the French war, the Tripolitan war, the Indian war, the second war with Great Britain, and the Mexican war; with three hundred engravings! Rotail price, \$2 50 per volume. Orders respectfully solicited.

SEARS' PICTORIAL FAMILY PUBLICATIONS are decidedly the best books that agents can possibly employ their time in supplying to the people of the United States. They are valuable for reference, and should be possessed by every family in this great republic. There is not a city or town in these United States, not even those of small importance, but contains many citizens to whom these works are indispensable. They are adapted to the literary wants of the Christian, the patriot, the statesman, and the domestic circle, got up in a superior style of art and workmanship; and are not only such books as will sell, but are such as an agent of good principle will feel free to recommend, and willing to see the purchaser again after they have been bought.

Our Plan.—The plan the publisher has so successfully carried out for several years, is the obtaining responsible men as agents, who are well known in their own counties, towns, and villages, and have time and disposition to circulate good and instructive books among their neighbors and friends. Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise will risk little in sending \$250 or \$50, for which he will receive an assortment as he may direct, at the wholessel cash prices.

Enterprising and active men of respectability and good

sale cash prices.

Enterprising and active men of respectability and good address, would do well to engage in the sale of the above volumes; and all poetmasters, clergymen, book pedlars, and newspaper agents, are respectfully requested to act as our agents. A handsome remuneration allowed to all who engage in their sale. For particulars address, post paid,

paid, ROBERT SEARS, 120 Assessus street, 3. 1.

To publishers of newspapers throughout the United States:

Newspapers copying this advertisement entire, without any atteration or abridgment, (including this notice,) and giving it a few inside insertions, shall receive a copy of any of our \$2 50 or \$3 works, subject to their order, by sending direct to the publisher.

The Baltimore and Philadelphia Steamboat Company (ERICSSON LINE)

Have resumed their operations for the year with increased means of accommodating the trade between Philadelphia and Baltimore, in

dating the trade between Philadelphia and Baltimore, in the most regular and expeditious manner, and at their former materially reduced prices, being, on dry goods, hardware, &c., only 10 cents per 100 pounds, and but half the price charged by other lines.

Persons wishing to avail themselves of the facilities and moderate prices of the Line, are advised to give explicit and positive directions for sending their goods to the Ericsson Line, and they should be particular to possess themselves of the receipts which are invariably given for their goods. In those are stated the price charged for transportation; and it will prove a protection against the double rates exacted by other lines, who have no published rates.

Goods destined for the West, South, or other places beyond Baltimore, forwarded promptly on the day of their arrival, with every care and attention, free of all charge whatever for this service, in the shape of commissions or otherwise.

whatever for this service, in the shape of commissions or otherwise.

New York.—Goods shipped from New York, or other places eastward of that city, should be distinctly consigned to A. Groves, ir., Philadelphia, to insure their conveyance by this Line.

Freight to or from Baltimore, as above, 10 cents per 100 pounds. Coarse freights taken at still less rates.

The established character and known reputation of this company is an ample guarantee to those disposed to confide their property to the care of the company.

One or more of the company's boats leaves Philadelphia from the upper side of Chestnut street wharf every day. (Sunday excepted.) at 3 o'clock, arriving in Baltimore early next morning. Apply in Philadelphia to

No. 19 South Wharves, above Chestnut st.

In like manner a boat leaves Baltimore, daily, (Sunday excepted.) at half-past 2 o'clock.

Apply in Baltimore to

Apply in Baltimore to
J. A. SHRIVER, Agent, No. 3 Light st.,
mar 24—
near the Depot of the B. & O. R. R. India Rubber Warehouse.

HODGMAN, 27 Maiden Lane and 59 Nassau street.

(first corner from Broadway.) New York. Factory of themty-fourth street, East River.

rehants throughout the United States are respectfully med that my spring stock of India Rubber Goods will und far superior to any before offered, having bed upon each individual article the benefit of my long

Among the most important, I would call attention to y extensive stock of Carriage Cloth, of all widths, from 4 to 6-4 inclusive, and made on the choicest drills and of be best of gum. Purchasers will find that it will neither ack, peel, nor become sticky, as is the case with seel, nor become sticky, as is the case with seel and continues to be sold in this city.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING,

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING,
Consisting of Coafs, Cloaks, Capes, Pouches, Pants, Overalls, Leggings, Boots, Caps, &c., now so extensively worn
by farmers, physicians, drivers, sea captains, sailors, &c.
Baptismal Pants, manufactured expressly for the elergy,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves—a perfect cure for chapped hands by wearing them for a short time, at the same
time bleaching and rendering them soft and delicate.
Those Gloves are also much worn by Hatters, Tanners,
Masons, &c., being a perfect protection against acid and
time. Machine Belling and Steam Pucking,

in every variety, and cheaper and better than any thing which can be substituted for either.

Also, a large stock of Overshoes, Garden and Engine Hose, Whips, Horse Covers, Horse Fenders, Hoof Boots Beis, Life Preservers, Breast Pumps, Syringes, Tobacco Wallets, Finger Stalls, Paper Holders, Door Springs, &c., &c., besides an immense stock of India Rubber Balls,

and other fancy articles, such as Elastics, Dolls, Dogs, an other animals of various kinds. Pure Rubber Cement fo other animals of various kinds. I will despatch.
hatters' use. All orders executed with despatch.
D. HORGMAN.

STIMSON & CO.'S

New York, New Orleans, and Mobile Express, New York, New Orteans, and Mobile Express,

CONNECTING with the swiftest and most responsible
expresses between the principal towns in Maine, New
Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Lower Canada, New York State, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia, Indiana, OhioIllinois, the Western States generally, the Mississippi and
Alabama river towns, and the prominent places in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Our facilities are so extensive and perfect that we can
secure the safe and speedy transportation of freight
trunks, packages, and valuable parcels, from one end of
the country to the other, and between the most remote
points.

points.

From our many years' experience in the express business, while connected with Mesers. Adams & Co., and our nunerous advantages in other respects, (not the least of which is the confidence and patronage of the New York community.) we feel assured that we shall never cease to give the most entire satisfaction to our friends, the jewelers, bankers, and merchants generally.

We beg leave to call attention to our California Expressrom New Orleans, and our Express between New Orleans and Mobile.

Officer: St. Charles, Motel Building, New Orleans, and

Offices: St. Charles Hotel Building, New Orleans, and

ing, Flowing, Scraping, Cabinet and Venitian Blind Variables, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

10 bbls. Sign and Graining Varnish.
5 do white flowing do
5 do outside do do warranted.
5 do White do do for maps or whips.
10 do Fainters' Japan.
10 do Fainters' Japan.
100 do Spirits Turpentine, in glued bbls or half bbls.
1000 gallona American Linseed Oil.
10,000 lbs. pure White Lead, in oil, at manufacturers' prices.
Also, Gum Shellac, Sandrac, Litharge, Red Lead, Dry White Lead, in 100 lb. kegs, wholesale and retail, at the lowest market rates.
Persons purchasing the above will do well to call and examine for themselves.
N. B. Persons wanting Varnishes manufactured will please call, as the subscriber is prepared to manufacture all kinds.
No. 8 La Grange-street, running from Second to Third, between Market and Arch streets, Phila, mar 24—tf

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

From the New York Tribune THE LITTLE BOY THAT DIED.

BY T. D. ROBINSON. I am all alone in my chamber now, And the midnight hour is near; And the fagot's crack and the clock's dull tick Are the only sounds I hear.

And over my soul in it's solitude, Sweet feelings of sadness glide. For my heart and my eyes are full when I think

I went one night to my father's house Went home to the dear ones all, And softly I opened the garden gate, And softly the door of the hall. My mother came out to meet her son-She kissed me, and then she sighed, And her head fell on my neck, and she wept For the little boy that died.

Of the little boy that died.

I shall miss him when the flowers come In the garden where he played; I shall miss him more by the fire-side, When the flowers have all decayed I shall see his toys, and his empty chair, And the horse he used to ride; And they will speak, with a silent speech,

I shall see his little sister again With her playmates about the door; And I'll watch the children in their sports, As I never did before; And if, in the group, I see a child That's dimpled and laughing-eyed,

Our love no broken ties;

Of the little boy that died.

I 'll look to see if it may not be The little boy that died. We shall all go home to our Father's house To our Father's house in the skies. Where the hope of our souls shall have no blight,

We shall roam on the banks of the River of Peace, And bathe in it's blissful tide: And one of the joys of our Heaven shall be,-The little boy that died.

Correspondence of the American Telegraph.

Imprisonment for Debt in Virginia. ALEXANDRIA, June 13, 1851.

The impression had generally obtained here and elsewhere, that imprisonment for debt was among the things that were, so far as Virginia is concerned; but such impression, it seems, is a mistake, as shown by the fact that a Marylander who is indebted to one of our citizens, on venturing across the water, was nabbed and immediately placed in limbo. On Tuesday, after having been in jail several days, he was brought before Judge Tyler, by habeas corpus, and his discharge invoked by able counsel, but it was "no go;" nor was he even permitted, under the

circumstances, to give bail. It appears, by a recent law, that if a citizen or non-resident debtor be about to quit the State, he can, on oath of the creditor, be arrested and imprisoned, unless he gives bail on being arrested that he will be forthcoming, and answer fairly, fully, and satisfactorily, when called upon, certain interrogatories, to be propounded to him by the creditor as to his effects If he fails to give bail on being arrested, he will be committed to jail, and will not then be allowed to give bail; but will have to remain in confinement until he shall have paid the uttermost farthing, or satisfactorily responded to the interrogatories, or is discharged by the debtor; nor can he avail himself of the benefit of an insolvent law. Moreover, the creditor can not only keep him in jail until a judgment has been obtained, in due course of law, but for four months thereafter, though he be prepared on the instant to answer satisfactorily the questions he may be asked; and just so long as he declines to answer legally, just so long can he be kept in jail. Such is one of the laws, and of recent conctment, comprised in our Virginia code. It is certainly hard upon the debtor, in not allowing him to give bail at any time after his arrest, or, if unable to give bail, in not requiring the creditor to propound his interrogatories immediately or sooner. In the Mary-lander's case, other creditors are ready to have at him so soon as he shall have satisfied the present writ, when he will be subject to the

same routine as in the first case. BATHING IN THE DEAD SEA .- Heated and fatigued, we prepared for a general batheas a private party; for the pilgrims determined to reserve their energies for the sacred Jordan. the lake of Sodom being held by them in horror and abomination. The bad odor in which the lake was held, did not, however, deter us, and having called a halt, we plunged like young ducks into the liquid element, Paulo chuckling like an old hen on the banks. We plunged Disastrous was the plunge; rapidly enough head after head popped up from the execrable waters; with hair matted, eyes smarting, and tongues burning from the intense sulphurous. bitter saltness of the detestable liquid in which we were immersed. Water it was not, nor bitumen, nor salt, nor sulphur, but a discusting Garden Tools, and Seeds ever offered in this market, consisting in part of the following, viz:
PROUTY & MEARS! Patent Highest Premium Self-sharpening PLOUGHS, right and left handed Side Hill Subsoil, of various sizes, of superior materials and workmanship, warranted to give satisfaction, or the money returned. Four Highest Premiums awarded to these PLOUGHS at the New York State Fair for 1850. Also, Beaches and Bar Share Ploughs.

Spain's Improved Barrel Churn, constructed in such a manner that the dasher may be removed from the inside of the Churn by simply unscrewing the handle from the dasher.

compound of all four.

A hogshead of it would serve as an emetic for all Asia Minor, and leave some gallons to spare against the next epidemic; you could neither sink nor swim in it. Talk of a fly in molasses, or a wasp in a barrel of tar-I can find no parallel for a bath in the Dead Sea. But the sufferings of my companions were a trifle to what felt: cut and maimed in consequence of my uperior horsemanship, I jumped into the water as raw as a beefsteak, and jumped out of it as if I were flayed alive. However, let me be inst to this abominable mixture: if I smarted for it, my wounds were effectually cauterized, empletely skinned over. The cure was perfect to a miracle. We dressed with the comfortable ensation of men who had been well coated with nutton suet-stiff, greasy, and entirely out of sorts, with a tingling, creeping feeling over the skin; and remounting, turned our steps to the fords of the Jordan .- Dublin University Mag.

of the churn by simply unscrewing the hands from the dasher.

Hay, Straw, and Corn Stalk Cutters in great variety, among which may be found Harvey's superior Premium Straw Cutter, of every size.

Also, Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Fan Mills. Corn Shellers, Cheese Presses, Seed Planters, Dirt Scrapers. Sugar Mills, Ox Yokes and Bows, Turnip Drills, Horse Rakes, Grain Cradles, Expanding and Extra Cultivators, Harrows, Snathe, Scythes, Concaved Hoes, Spring tempered Cast Steel Oval and Square thed Manure and Hay Forks, Pruning Shears and Chiels, Beach and Bar Shear Repairing Pecies and Castings, Peruvian, Patagonia and Prepared Guano, together with a complete assortment of Grass, Garden, and Field Seed, all of which will be soid at the lowest possible prices, at 194 1/2 Market street, Phils. mar 24—4f ANTI-SECESSION .- A large number of citizens of Greenville (S. C.) assembled on the 2d inst. to consider the propriety of having an antisecession celebration on the fourth of July. Vardry McBee, esq., presided, and William F. Lester, esq., acted as secretary. The meeting was addressed by C. J. Elford, esq., who offered a preamble and resolution expressive of the views of the meeting, providing for the appointment of a committee to make all necessary arrangements, and inviting the distinguished men of South Carolina to address the people of Greenville district on that occasion.

Cloths and Doeskins, of Gevers & Schmidt, Schmabel's, Bockschurniann & Schroeder, and others, consigned to them direct from the manufacturers.

French, Swiss, and German Silks, Fancy and Staple Goods, of the bestmakes and styles, suitable for the spring The British mail steamer Canada sailed from Boston for Liverpool on Wednesday. She took out sixty-one passengers and \$150,000 in Ame-rican gold. Among the passengers were Rev. J. R. Lathrop and wife, and Mr. Williams, Also, sole agency for the United States of J. M. Caron 5. Co.'s Paney Gilt and Silk Buttons, and other fabrics. mar 24 bearer of despatches to our Minister at Lon-

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT. To the Editors of the American Telegraph.

GENTLEMEN:—I find in your paper two articles in reply to my communication which appeared on the 9th, viz: one on the 10th by "L. peared on the 9th, viz: one on the 10th by "L. D. J.," and one on the 11th by "H. E. W." I will notice some points in each of these articles. He takes the ground that, in proportion as teachers rise in mental and moral culture, they will act upon their pupils by means of a far higher order than "mere infliction of bodily pain." Very good. But how far does he sup-pose this improvement capable of being carried? Does he think that when teachers have reached the highest attainable point of excellence, their eyes will be so clear, and their hands so skilful, as to enable them to "manage those silken cords the way he should go-without any application of the rod? The position looks well in theory,

separated from it in this world, will prevent the practical application from being realized.

"H. E. W.," after some preliminary remarks, which do not require a reply, states five points, on which mainly the arguments of the affirmative are based. The first he has attempted to prove, viz.: "There is nothing more directly calculated to be a state of the s calculated to brutalize the feelings of the child than corporal punishment." The other points I suppose he will take up in order. I shall therefore confine myself at present to the one already stated. In supporting this position he excited feelings can invent." To this conclusion he has been brought by "the experience and observation of twenty years in the school-room, either as pupil or teacher." I will not tell how many years of experience, or how many pupils I have, lest I should furnish a clue to the discovery of both my name and age; and I wish to keep myself entirely in cog., so that I may the better repent, in case I should be van-quished in this contest and driven from the field. But I deny, most confidently, the assertion last quoted. That these effects may and sometimes are produced by the application of the rod of correction, is no doubt true; that they necessarily follow, I do not believe, and I think the writer must have been most unfortunate in his experience, if such have been the results. My experience has led me to conclude that, in nine cases out of ten at least where corporal punishment is inflicted judiciously-where the pupil sees clearly that he is paying the penal-ty of violated law, and that without any gratificaty of violated law, and mar without any gratinea-tion of passion or ill-will on the part of the teacher—neither his love nor respect for that teacher will be diminished. For the results of injudicious management I do not, in this argunent, hold myself accountable. As to the effects of "frequent castigation," which he so glowingly describes, I am as far from advocating that as "H. E. W." can be. That some modes of punishment are sometimes indispensable, no one, I presume, will deny. A comparison of the different methods must be reserved for a future We think this subject is so strictly profes-

sional as not to warrant our giving much space to it in the columns of the Telegraph.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE CAPITOL.—Our information on this subject is, that the President and Cabinet have decided precisely as was stated in our telegraphic despatches ten days ago-although some of our smart contemporaries new-upon the principle of extending the pres ent edifice by wings to the north and south, with connecting corridors. No particular plan, and no additional details have yet been settled. nor will any choice be made until the President has consulted more fully with those who are experienced and able to solve any doubts which may exist.

The selection of Mr. Thomas U. Walter, of this city, as the architect to superintend the proposed extension, has been received with a cordial expression of favor here, where his scientific attainments and peculiar fitness are so well understood. It is but a just respect to this sell them their new one, at a discount of fifty city, where so many edifices of architectural per cent. on the original cost. The people of beauty are to be found, that one "to the us, and who has erected a noble monument to his fame in one of the most classic structures jecting their own work. of the times-the Girard College-should have been chosen for this responsible post; by which selection the President has not only offered a merited compliment to Philadelphia, but has manifested a just appreciation of the talent which she is able to furnish in this or any other of the walks of science .- Phila. North Am'n. ARISTOCRACY .- Many are the follies and

weaknesses of human nature. But none are more contemptible than those acted out by the scrub aristocrats of our towns and villages.
These are to be found in all relations of life. A young man, whose father was a hard-working echanic, either has a moderate fortune left behind him, or marries a few thousand dollars. and forthwith he puts on airs, and assumes an procured. importance, perfectly disgusting to those who are acquainted with the circumstances of his rise and progress in the world. Such young men regard, as beneath their dignity, the vocations of their parents, and not unfrequently avoid letting it be known that they sprung from such sources. We have met with such who have looked upon the humble vocation of a mechanic as beneath the dignity of a gentleman, forgetting in the meanwhile that the taint of the father attaches to the son! Pride of this ling. kind never finds a resting-place, save in a weak brain, and manifests itself in a perverse temper.

AN OLD PRINTER .- A. W. Scowell, a printer 80 years of age—the oldest in the United States— commenced his apprenticeship of seven years in the King's Printing Office, London, in 1784. sixty-eight years ago. The Boston Mail says He was a soldier under Sir John Moore, at orinna, in 1809, where he received a ball in his right arm. He was present at the burial of Sir John, and remembers the minutest particulars of the scene. He was also with the Duke of Wellington through his whole campaign, and lost an ankle bone by a grape-shot in the battle of Waterloo. This veteran typo, after all this hard service, is one of the swiftest and best

compositors in Boston. The three-cent pieces lately issued by the Mint are said to be worth only 1 2-5 cts. each. Rather a strong shave.

GOLD IN CALIFORNIA.—A. DELANO, in a letter to the New York Tribune, dated at San Francisco, April 24th, says:

Through the whole length of the country a vein of gold-bearing quartz extends, which so far as tested yields from five cents to \$1 and \$10 to the pound of rock. I have personally printer to indulge my orthographical preference, and not change my corporals to corporeals. I am glad to be assured by "L. D. J." that the views of the "negative" are not misapprehended; but I have one question to ask him. He takes the ground that in previously to the pound of rock. I have personally explored this vein over one hundred miles, and I never saw any analyzed which did not yield of the gold, for it is frequently found in the ledge in the same form which it presents in the gulches and streams, and it has probably been disintegrated by the decomposition of the rock and washed from the hill-sides to the ravines. Many companies are formed to work these veins, but the want of capital, the high price of labor and the difficulty of separating all the gold by any known process have thus far prevented any great return. Individual labor in most cases amounts to nothing. From \$20,000 to \$50,000 is necessary to open a mine properly and procure machinery to operate with, and it is difficult to concentrate whose vibrations give a right tone to the undying this capital, for there have been so many mining soul"—or, in plainer terms, to train a boy in humbugs that capitalists properly look with suspicion upon these operations. Nevertheless, these mines do exist, and undoubtedly will prove but I think that the moral friction incident to human nature, and incapable of being entirely separated from it in this world, will prevent the your capitalists in the following manner, viz: your capitalists in the following manner, viz: Organize a company according to law, which is easily done; issue stock to the amount of from \$100,000 to \$500,000; buy up rich specimens from good veins, or show the best from our own, before we ascertain exactly whether our vein is good or not, and then back up our stock by these evidences of gold, and if your capitalists do not bite at the gilded hook, they must be

most lamentably cautious.
As yet, all the machinery put into operation has been too light. Not less than twenty-five horse power should be used, and sixty horse says: "The pupil never seats himself after he has been punished without meditating the power is better to crush the rock, with stampblackest revenge against his teacher that his ers each of five hundred tons weight. Another difficulty which exists is in separating the gold from the rock when crushed. No known process applicable to extensive operations does it, and it is under the consideration of our most

scientific meu.

From the results of the experience of the Sierra Nevada Company, (do not confound it with any company with parts of the name,) with whose operations I am better acquainted than with any other, it shows thus: A portion of rock was analyzed by Mr. Moffat, a coiner of this city, which yielded an assay of ninety-five cents to the pound, where not a particle of gold was visible. An hundred pounds of this same rock was crushed and worked at the mine, and only twenty cents to the pound was extracted by the usual process of amalgamating with quicksilver; then a portion, which had been thus worked, was submitted to the action of fire in a retort, and fifteen cents more was extracted, showing conclusively that the rock actually contained thirty-five cents, yet, between Moffat's assay and the actual working at the mine, showed a loss of sixty cents to the pound.

At this same mine a rock weighing twenty-five pounds yielded \$200 by crushing in a hand-mortar, and washing without the amalgam of quicksilver; and a portion now lays on my

of quicksilver; and a portion now lays on my table, weighing nine ounces, avoirdupois, which, by obtaining its specific gravity, contains three ounces of gold, yet I doubt if two ounces could be realized in the usual mode of working.

New Orleans, June 9 .- By an arrival at this port to-day we have advices from Vera Cruz to the 30th ult., four days later. Congress did not adjourn until the 23d, and every thing was in the utmost confusion.

The bill in favor of extraordinary powers to the President had failed.

Yellow fever was raging fatally at Vera Cruz. The American schooner Helen Moore had although some of our smart contemporaries have revived the intelligence as something quite had soldiers placed on board the vessel. The captain had pr ptain had protested against the proceedings.
The revenue cutter Duane had left Vera Cruz for the isthmus, as also the schooner Sears. The Tehuantepec survey has been completed.

ANOTHER DUEL .- Savannah, Ga., June 10 .-A duel was fought this morning with rifles, be-tween Wm. Henderson and Henry Morgan, a

lady being involved in the quarrel. shots, the affair was settled amicably. A STATE CONSTITUTION UP FOR SALE .- As the people of Massachusetts talk of making a new constitution, a New Hampshire paper offers to

New Hamsphire recently rejected their manor born," who has been reared amongst constitution, the only instance on record which we remember in this country of the people re-Dr. Jesse Samuels, of Allentown, Pa., has invented a machine for making bricks, different in construction and principle from any hereto-

> is to be propelled by steam. A Confession.-Some newly organized rifle ompanies in Louisiana, having lately applied to the State Adjutant General for their quota of arms, were refused because all the rifles belonging to the State were given out to the rebeen returned, and therefore none can yet be

most handsomely prepared bricks per hour, out of unwrought clay, with the greatest case. It

In Forbes's "Dahomey and the Dahomans," e are informed that if a cock crows in the highway, it is forfeited to the tax-gatherer; and consequently, on the whole distance from Abohmey to Whydah, the cocks are muzzled.

Oyster-shells have been laid on the track of the New York and New Haven Railroad, and have proved an excellent remedy for the dust which is such an annoyance to railroad travel-

The Indians give each other very significant names. Lieutenant Hooper, of the Arctic Expedition, found a woman at Fort Simpson whose name was "Thirty-six Tongues."

Attend insipid assemblies and play-clubs as seldom as possible. In visits of ceremony, be sparing.

Men are to be estimated, as Johnson says, by the mass of character. A block of tin may have a grain of silver, but still it is tin; and a block of silver may have an alloy of tin, but still it is

It costs more to be miserable than would make us perfectly happy.

Close thine ear against those that open their mouth against others.

"Is that woman's tongue always going? "I never heard it when it wasn't.